Warm Up - Dimensional analysis

• Convert 5820 hours into weeks using the Picket Fence Method

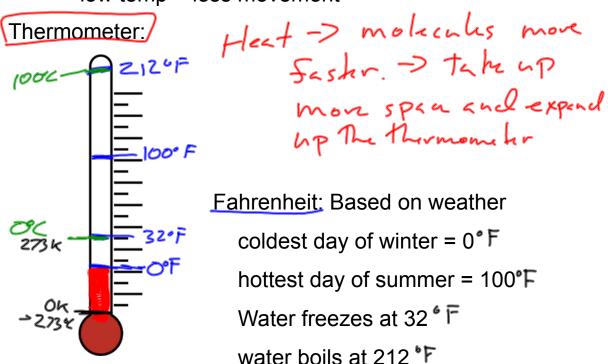
Temperature

Thermal Energy: Movement of Molecules, Kinetic Energy

Temperature: the <u>measurement</u> of the average kinetic energy of the matter in a substance

High temp = more movement

low temp = less movement



Celsius: is based on water

water freezes = 0

Water boils = 100

Absolute Zero:

-273 C = 0K

Kelvin: temperature scale based on absolute zero

Conversions

$$F = 9/5 C + 32$$

 $C = 5/9 (F - 32)$

- You are doing a science experiment with a Fahrenheit thermometer. Your data must be in degrees Celsius. If you measure a temperature of 125°F, what is this temperature in degrees Celsius?
 - « 57.1 °C
- The temperature on the Moon varies from 230°C at night to 120°C during the day. What is the range in temperatures on the Moon in degrees Fahrenheit?
 - « -382 °F to 248°F

Warm up:

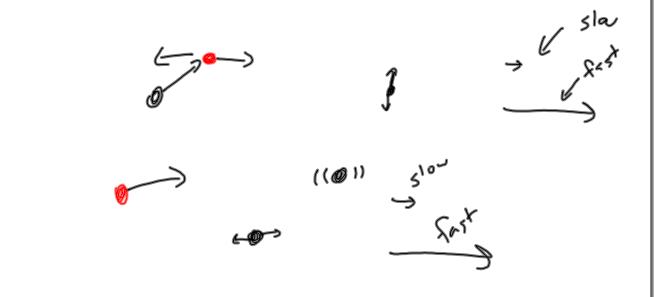
 Find the average and uncertainty of the temperature in degrees Fahrenheit, then convert the average to Kelvin.

>
$$65.4^{\circ}F, +72.9^{\circ}F, +68.1^{\circ}F, +67.3^{\circ}F$$

= 68.425
 $72.9^{\circ}F - 65.4^{\circ}F = 3.75 =)$
 68.425 ± 4
 $68^{\circ}F \pm 4^{\circ}F$
 $C = (68-32)(\frac{5}{9})$
 $C = 20^{\circ}C$
 $K = 20^{\circ}C + 273$
 $K = 293 K$

Kinetic Molecular Theory:

The way we describe the motion of individual particles and how they interact with one another in a substance.



- Topics
 - > 1. Kinetic Theory of Solids
 - > 2. Kinetic Theory of Liquids
 - > 3. Kinetic Theory of Gasses
 - > 4. Plasma
 - > 5. Oobleck

- Info to Organize on your white board:
 - > Position/organization of the particles
 - > Movement of the particles (individually and/or relative to one another)
 - > Compressibility
 - > Shape